

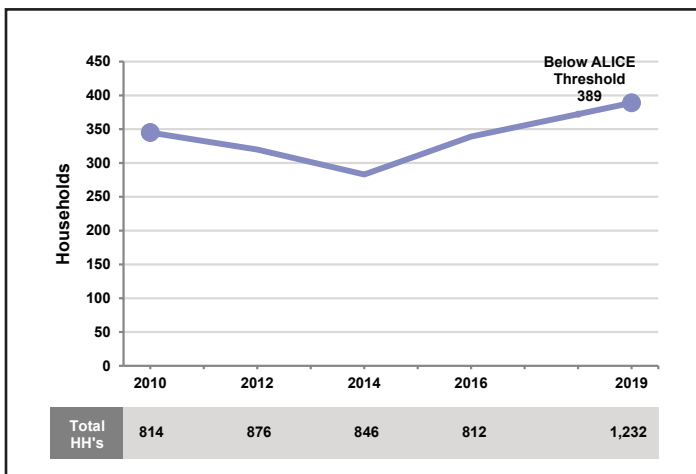
HOUSEHOLDS BY RACE/ETHNICITY IN COUNTIES OF THE EASTERN PANHANDLE

How has the number of ALICE households changed by race/ethnicity?

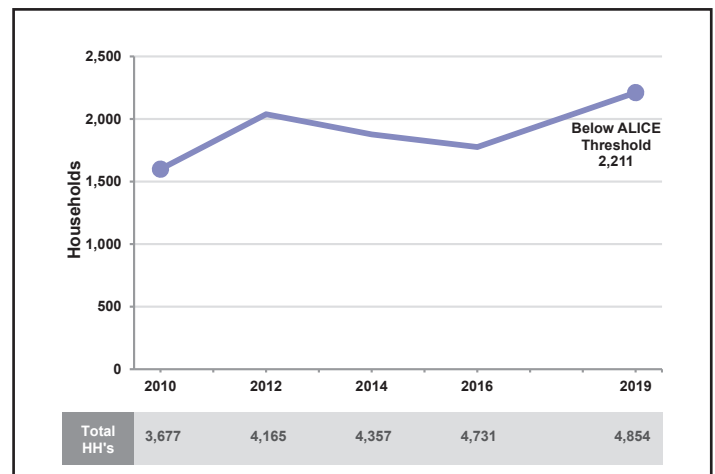
In the Counties of the Eastern Panhandle, the largest racial/ethnic groups followed very different trajectories in both population size and levels of financial hardship from 2010 to 2019. White households were the largest group in these counties and grew by 9%. The next largest group, Black households, grew by 32%, followed by Hispanic households and households of Two or More Races, which grew by 38% and 51%, respectively. Financial hardship increased across all racial/ethnic groups, but at different rates. The number of Households of Two or More Races below the ALICE Threshold increased by 13%, White households below the Threshold grew by 21%, Black households below the Threshold grew by 38%, and Hispanic households below the Threshold increased by 121%.

Households by Income and Race/Ethnicity, Berkeley, Jefferson, and Morgan Counties, 2010–2019

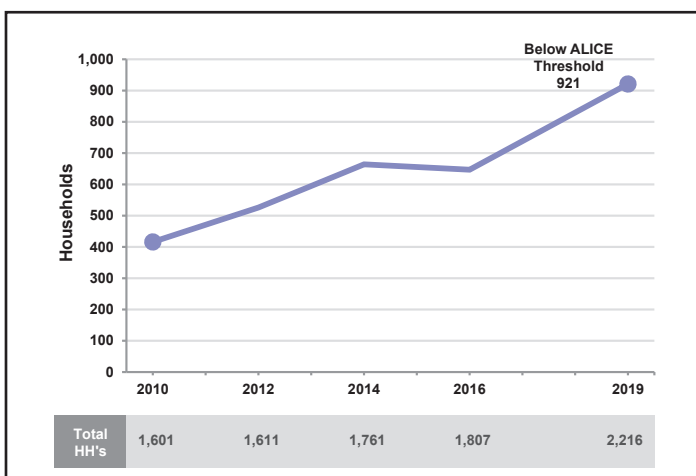
Households of Two or More Races



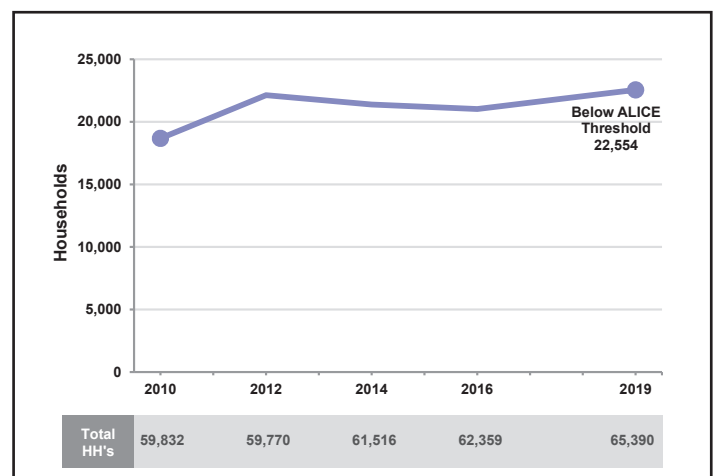
Black Households



Hispanic Households



White Households



Many of these subgroups have small populations, in which case even small changes in numbers can produce large swings in percentages. Therefore, it is most useful to focus on the general trends and not year-to-year fluctuations.

Sources: ALICE Threshold, 2010–2019; American Community Survey, 2010–2019

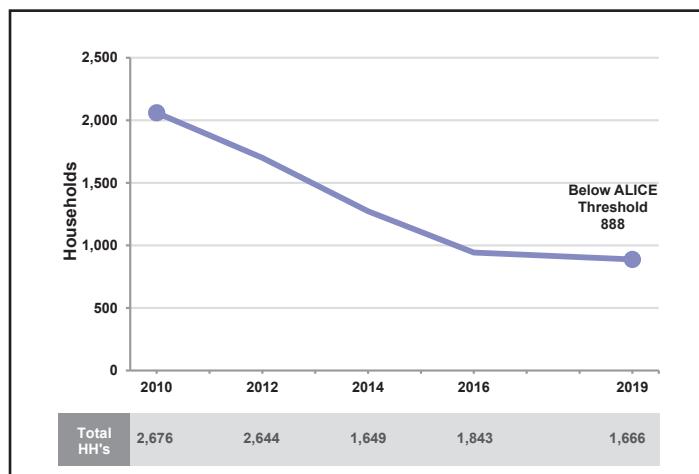
HOUSEHOLDS BY AGE IN COUNTIES OF THE EASTERN PANHANDLE

How has the number of ALICE households changed by age group?

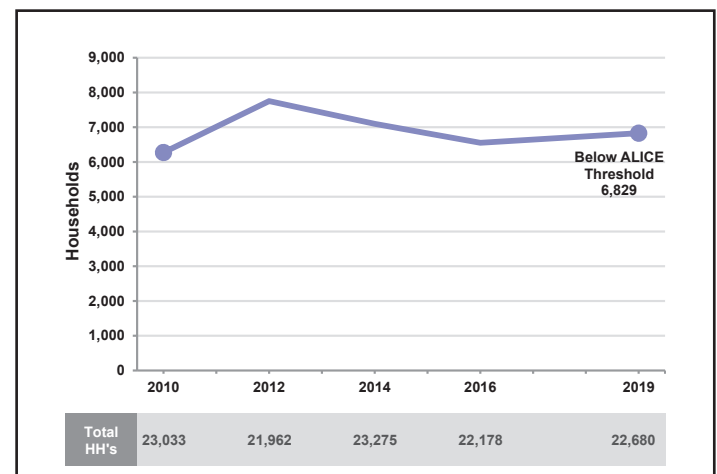
The largest age group in the Counties of the Eastern Panhandle in 2019 was 45- to 64-year-olds, followed by 25- to 44-year-olds, seniors, and under-25-year-olds. Changes in financial hardship differed across age groups between 2010 and 2019. The youngest group (under 25 years) had a 57% decrease in the number of households below the ALICE Threshold from 2010 to 2019, with 53% below the ALICE Threshold in 2019. Senior households below the ALICE Threshold grew by 26% during this period, with 44% below the ALICE Threshold in 2019. For those in their prime working years, the number of households below the ALICE Threshold increased by 9% for those aged 25–44 years, with 30% below the ALICE Threshold in 2019, and increased by 39% for those aged 45–64, with 31% below the ALICE Threshold in 2019.

Households by Income and Age, Berkeley, Jefferson, and Morgan Counties, 2010–2019

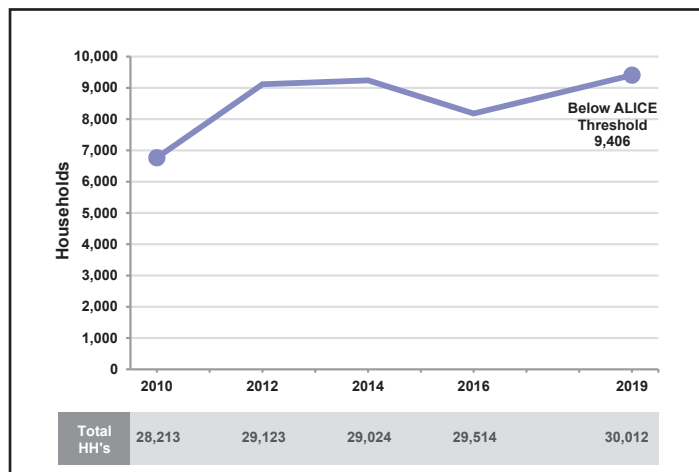
Under 25



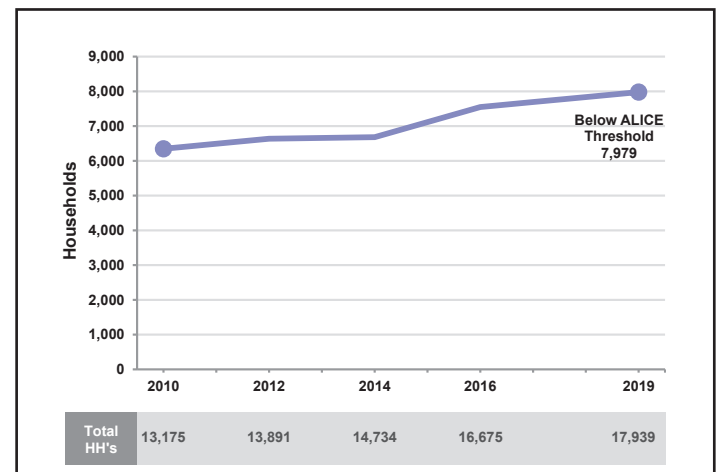
25 to 44



45 to 64



65 and Over



Many of these subgroups have small populations, in which case even small changes in numbers can produce large swings in percentages. Therefore, it is most useful to focus on the general trends and not year-to-year fluctuations.

Sources: ALICE Threshold, 2010–2019; American Community Survey, 2010–2019

HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION IN COUNTIES OF THE EASTERN PANHANDLE

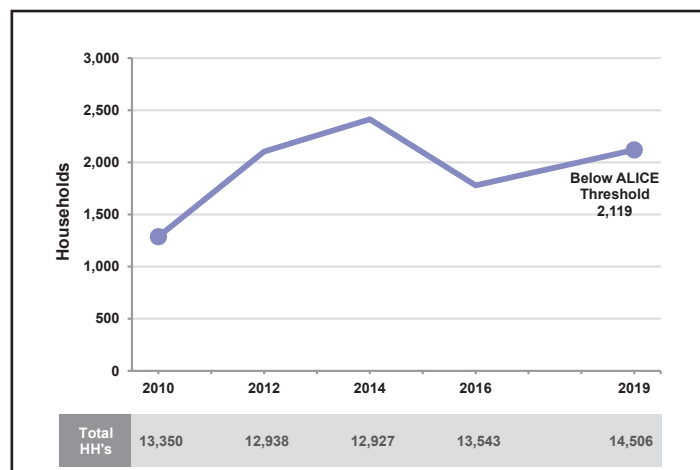
How has the number of ALICE households changed by household composition?

In the Counties of the Eastern Panhandle, single or cohabiting households (without children or seniors) were the largest household type, accounting for 46% of all households and 42% of households below the ALICE Threshold in 2019. Families with children accounted for 29% of all households, and seniors for 25%.

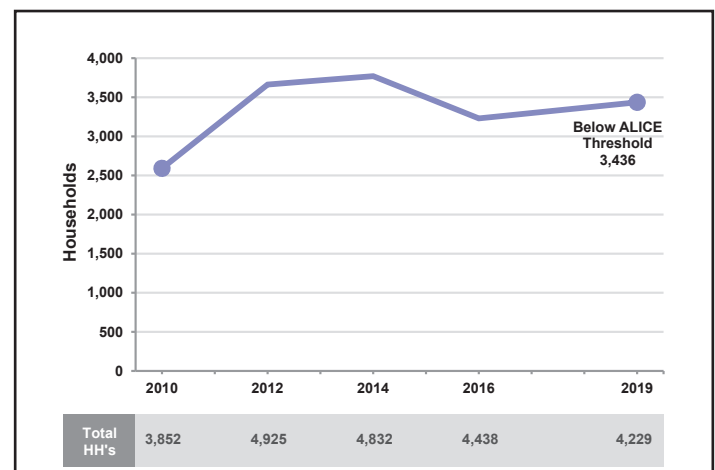
Changing demographics resulted in a 10% increase in the total number of families with children in the Counties of the Eastern Panhandle from 2010 to 2019. But among families, there were differing trends. The number of married-parent families increased by 9%, while their number below the ALICE Threshold increased by 65%. The number of single-female-headed families increased by 10%, while their number below the ALICE Threshold increased by 33%, and the number of single-male-headed families increased by 17%, while their number below the ALICE Threshold increased by 81%.

Household Types by Income, Berkeley, Jefferson, and Morgan Counties, 2010–2019

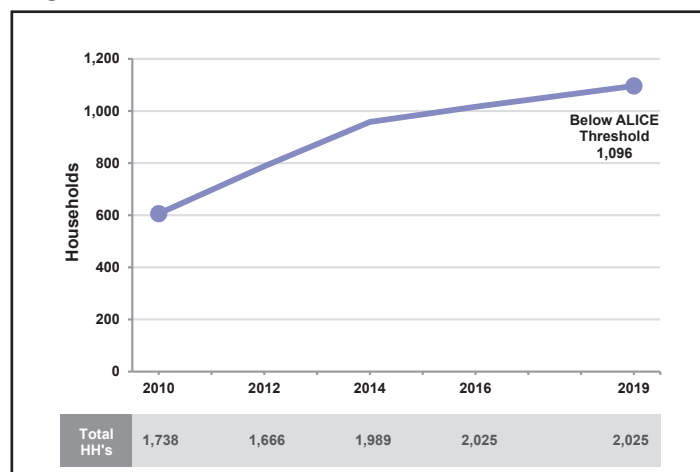
Married-Parent Households



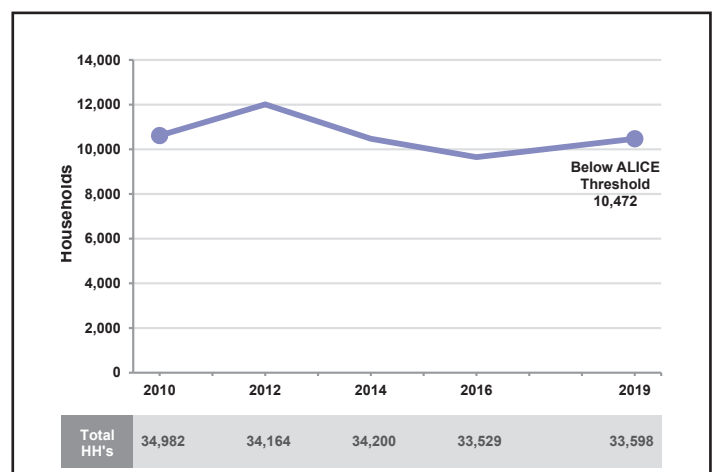
Single-Female-Headed Households



Single-Male-Headed Households



Single or Cohabiting Households



Many of these subgroups have small populations, in which case even small changes in numbers can produce large swings in percentages. Therefore, it is most useful to focus on the general trends and not year-to-year fluctuations.

Sources: ALICE Threshold, 2010–2019; American Community Survey, 2010–2019

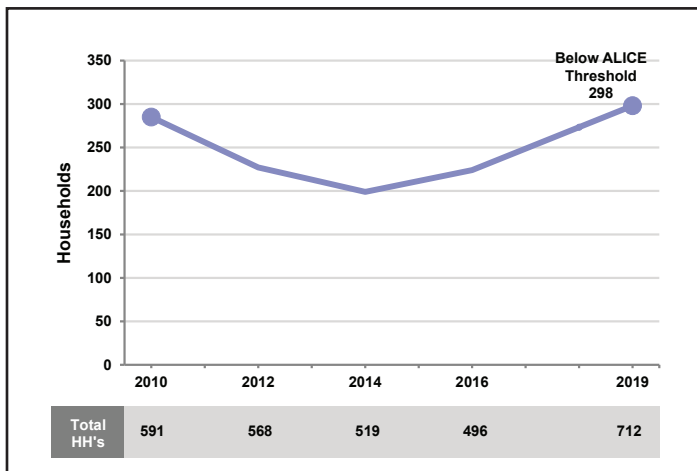
HOUSEHOLDS BY RACE/ETHNICITY IN BERKELEY COUNTY

How has the number of ALICE households changed by race/ethnicity?

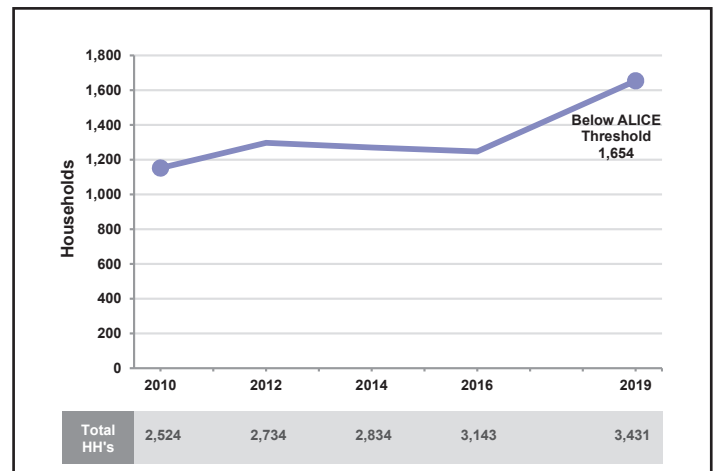
Berkeley County's largest racial/ethnic groups followed very different trajectories in both population size and levels of financial hardship from 2010 to 2019. White households were the largest group in Berkeley County, and they grew by 14%. The next largest group, Black households, grew by 36%, followed by Hispanic households and households of Two or More Races, which grew by 45% and 20%, respectively. Financial hardship increased across all racial/ethnic groups, but at different rates. While the number of households of Two or More Races below the ALICE Threshold increased by 5%, White households below the Threshold grew by 33%, Black households below the Threshold grew by 44%, and Hispanic households below the Threshold increased by 88%.

Households by Income and Race/Ethnicity, Berkeley County, 2010–2019

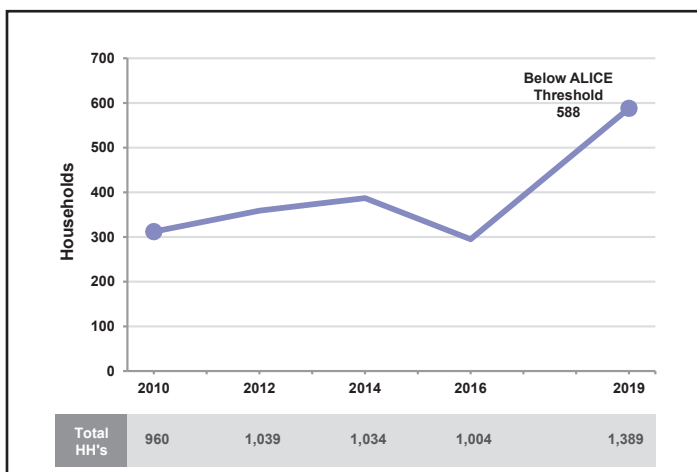
Households of Two or More Races



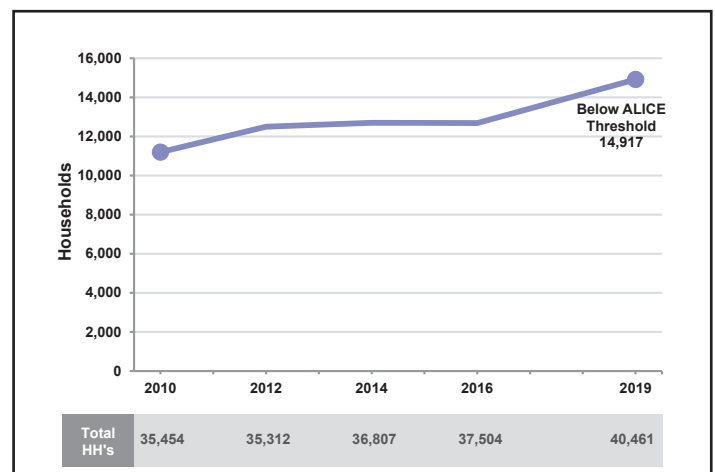
Black Households



Hispanic Households



White Households



Many of these subgroups have small populations, in which case even small changes in numbers can produce large swings in percentages. Therefore, it is most useful to focus on the general trends and not year-to-year fluctuations.

Sources: ALICE Threshold, 2010–2019; American Community Survey, 2010–2019

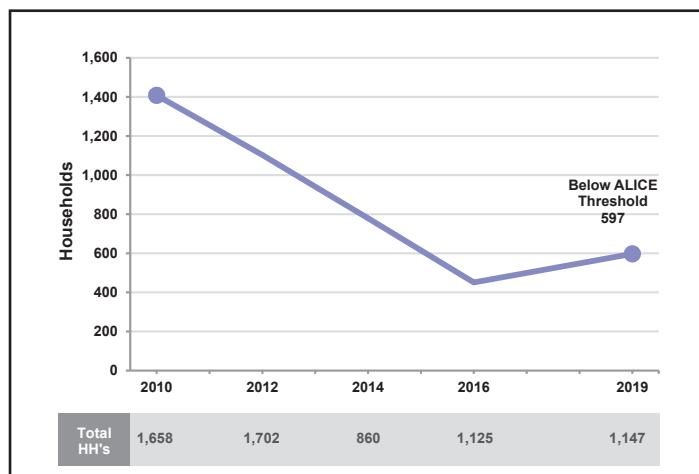
HOUSEHOLDS BY AGE IN BERKELEY COUNTY

How has the number of ALICE households changed by age group?

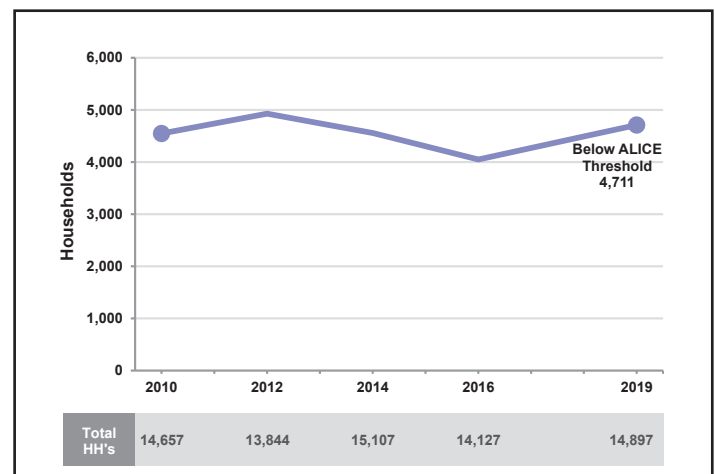
The largest age group in Berkeley County in 2019 was 45- to 64-year-olds, followed by 25- to 44-year-olds, seniors, and under-25-year-olds. Changes in financial hardship differed across age groups between 2010 and 2019. The youngest group (under 25 years) had a 58% decrease in the number of households below the ALICE Threshold from 2010 to 2019, with 52% below the ALICE Threshold in 2019. Senior households below the ALICE Threshold grew by 51% during this period, with 48% below the ALICE Threshold in 2019. For those in their prime working years, the number of households below the ALICE Threshold increased by 4% for those aged 25–44 years, with 32% below the ALICE Threshold in 2019, and increased by 57% for those aged 45–64, with 34% below the ALICE Threshold in 2019.

Households by Income and Age, Berkeley County, 2010–2019

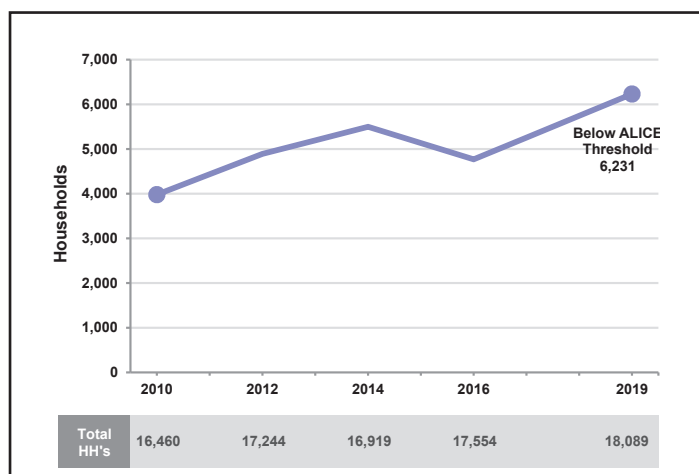
Under 25



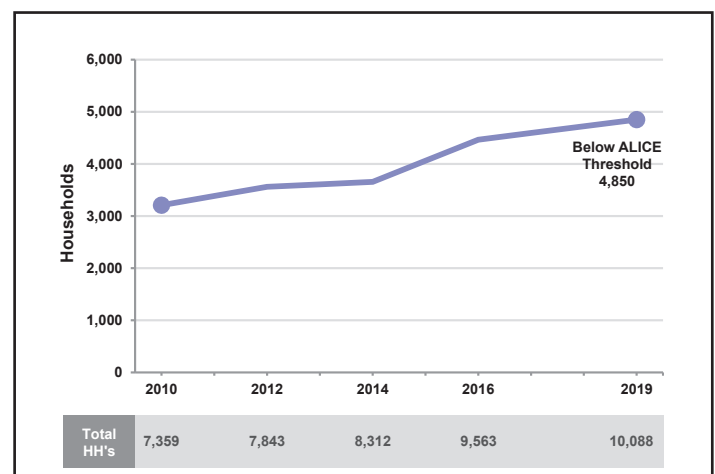
25 to 44



45 to 64



65 and Over



Many of these subgroups have small populations, in which case even small changes in numbers can produce large swings in percentages. Therefore, it is most useful to focus on the general trends and not year-to-year fluctuations.

Sources: ALICE Threshold, 2010–2019; American Community Survey, 2010–2019

HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION IN BERKELEY COUNTY

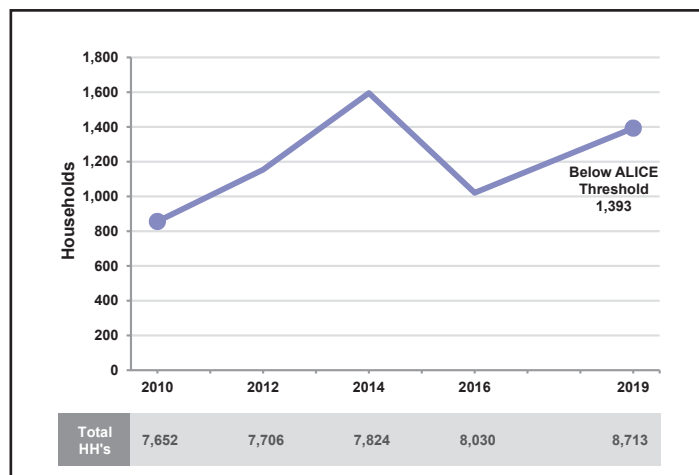
How has the number of ALICE households changed by household composition?

In Berkeley County, single or cohabiting households (without children or seniors) were the largest household type, accounting for 47% of all households and 42% of households below the ALICE Threshold in 2019. Families with children accounted for 30% of all households, and seniors for 23%.

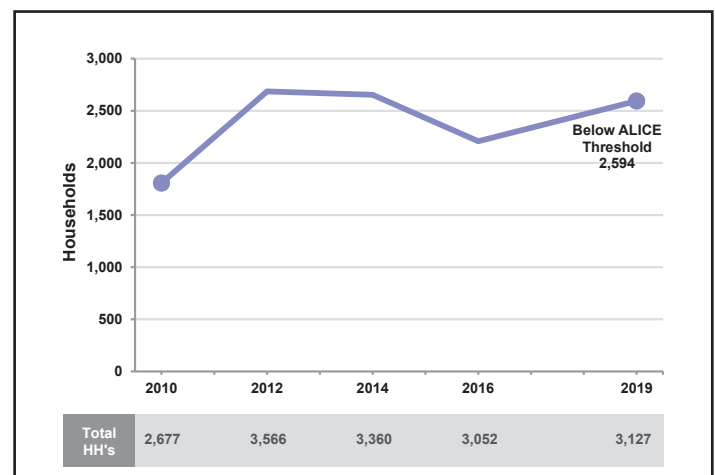
Changing demographics resulted in a 15% increase in the total number of families with children in Berkeley County from 2010 to 2019. But among families, there were differing trends. The number of married-parent families increased by 14%, while their number below the ALICE Threshold increased by 63%. The number of single-female-headed families increased by 17%, while their number below the ALICE Threshold increased by 44%, and the number of single-male-headed families increased by 19%, while their number below the ALICE Threshold increased by 56%.

Household Types by Income, Berkeley County, 2010–2019

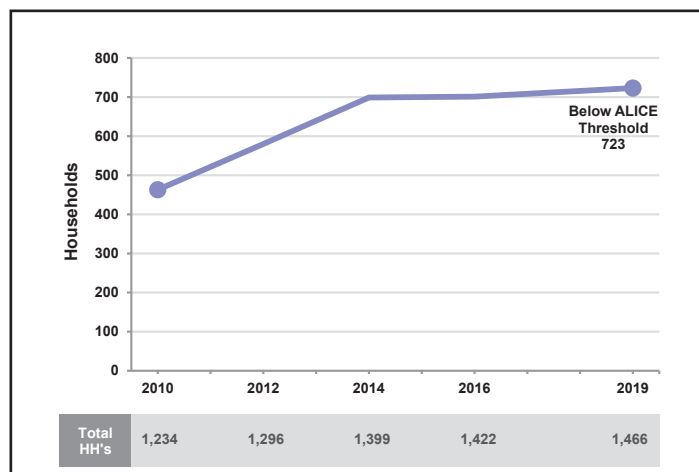
Married-Parent Households



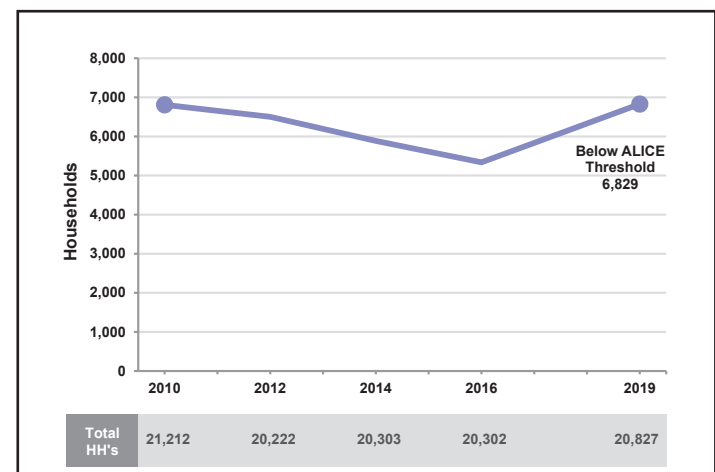
Single-Female-Headed Households



Single-Male-Headed Households



Single or Cohabiting Households



Many of these subgroups have small populations, in which case even small changes in numbers can produce large swings in percentages. Therefore, it is most useful to focus on the general trends and not year-to-year fluctuations.

Sources: ALICE Threshold, 2010–2019; American Community Survey, 2010–2019

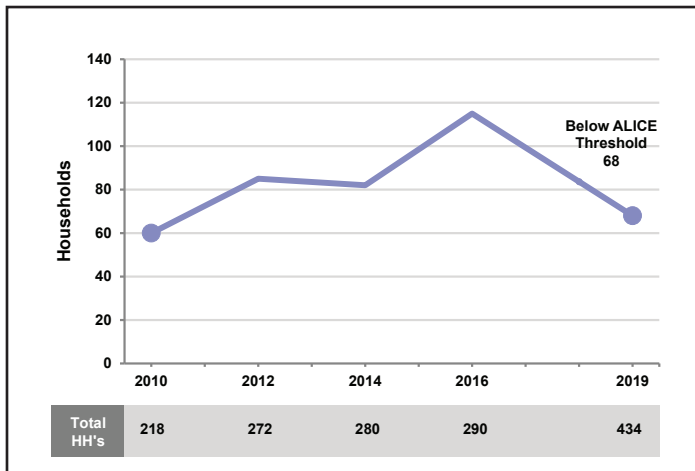
HOUSEHOLDS BY RACE/ETHNICITY IN JEFFERSON COUNTY

How has the number of ALICE households changed by race/ethnicity?

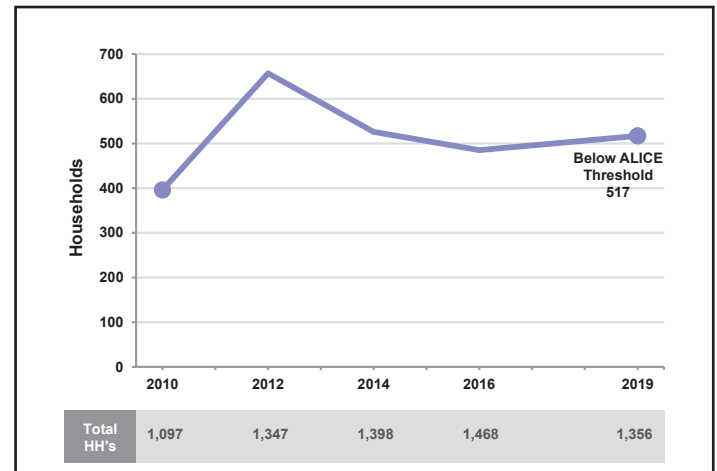
Jefferson County's largest racial/ethnic groups followed very different trajectories in both population size and levels of financial hardship from 2010 to 2019. White households were the largest group in Jefferson County, and they grew by 3%. The next largest group, Black households, grew by 24%, followed by Hispanic households and households of Two or More Races, which grew by 34% and 99%, respectively. Financial hardship increased across all racial/ethnic groups, but at different rates. The number of Households of Two or More Races below the ALICE Threshold increased by 13%, White households below the Threshold grew by 14%, and Black households below the Threshold grew by 31%, while Hispanic households below the Threshold more than tripled, increasing by 215%.

Households by Income and Race/Ethnicity, Jefferson County, 2010–2019

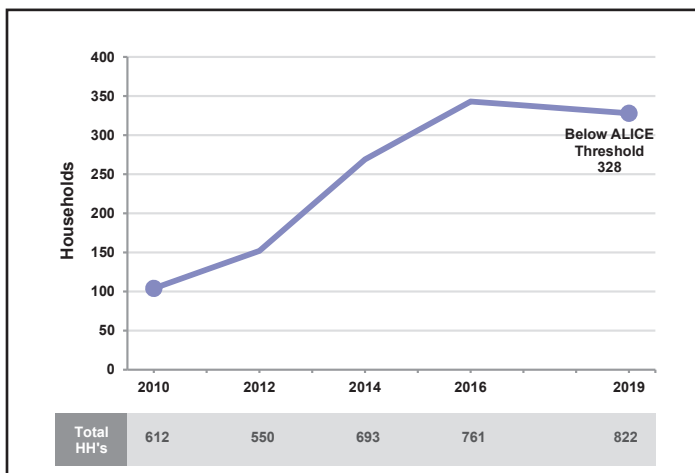
Households of Two or More Races



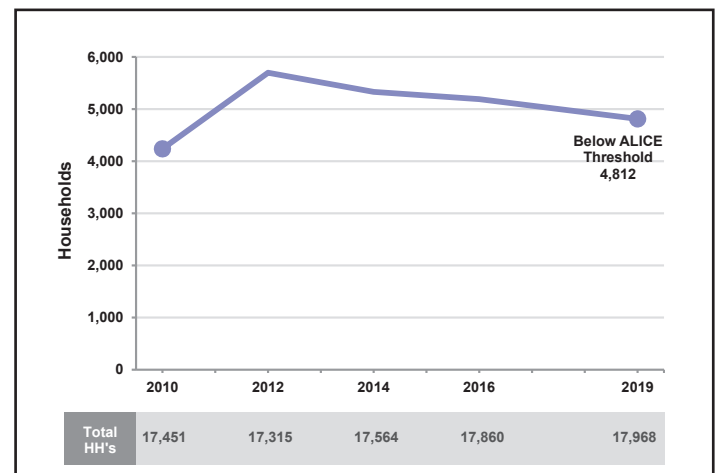
Black Households



Hispanic Households



White Households



Many of these subgroups have small populations, in which case even small changes in numbers can produce large swings in percentages. Therefore, it is most useful to focus on the general trends and not year-to-year fluctuations.

Sources: ALICE Threshold, 2010–2019; American Community Survey, 2010–2019

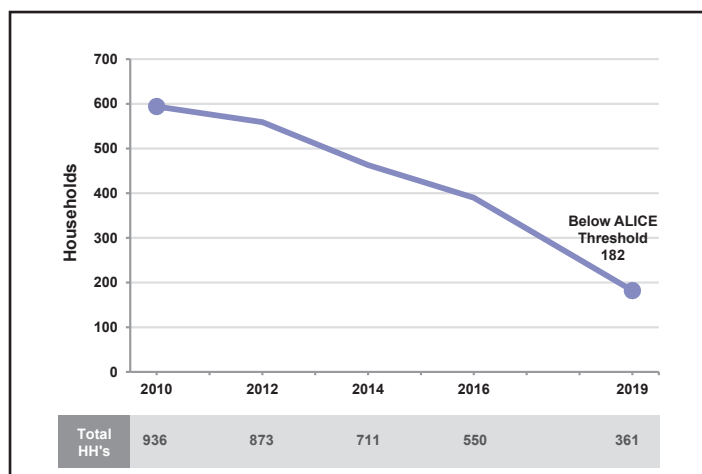
HOUSEHOLDS BY AGE IN JEFFERSON COUNTY

How has the number of ALICE households changed by age group?

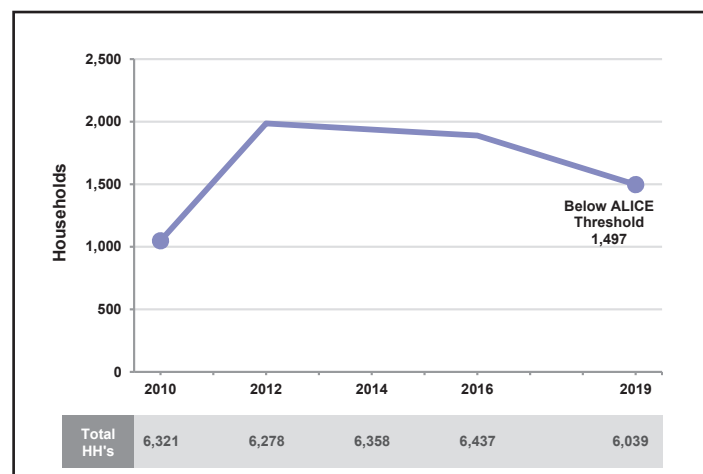
The largest age group in Jefferson County in 2019 was 45- to 64-year-olds, followed by 25- to 44-year-olds, seniors, and under-25-year-olds. Changes in financial hardship differed across age groups between 2010 and 2019. The youngest group (under 25 years) had a 69% decrease in the number of households below the ALICE Threshold from 2010 to 2019, with 50% below the ALICE Threshold in 2019. Senior households below the ALICE Threshold grew by 5% during this period, with 34% below the ALICE Threshold in 2019. For those in their prime working years, the number of households below the ALICE Threshold increased by 43% for those aged 25–44 years, with 25% below the ALICE Threshold in 2019, and increased by 41% for those aged 45–64, with 25% below the ALICE Threshold in 2019.

Households by Income and Age, Jefferson County, 2010–2019

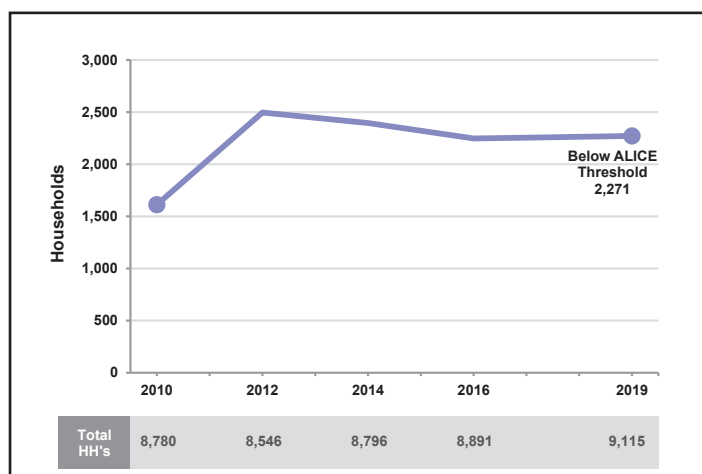
Under 25



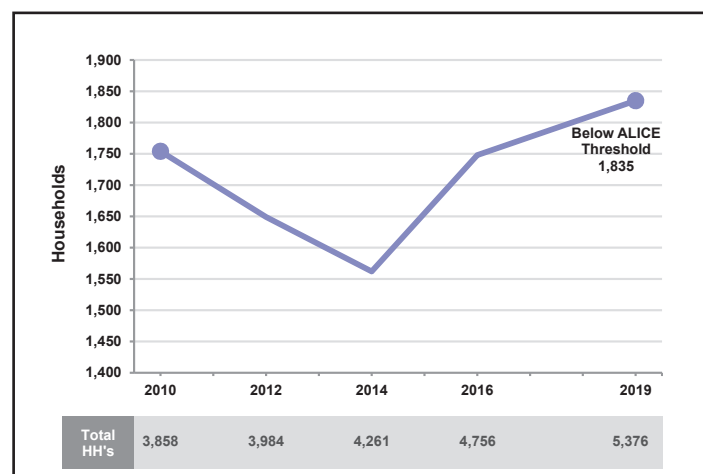
25 to 44



45 to 64



65 and Over



Many of these subgroups have small populations, in which case even small changes in numbers can produce large swings in percentages. Therefore, it is most useful to focus on the general trends and not year-to-year fluctuations.

Sources: ALICE Threshold, 2010–2019; American Community Survey, 2010–2019

HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION IN JEFFERSON COUNTY

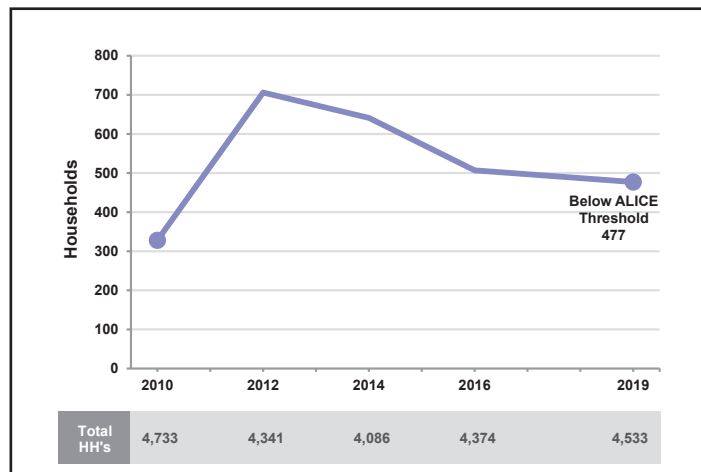
How has the number of ALICE households changed by household composition?

In Jefferson County, single or cohabiting households (without children or seniors) were the largest household type, accounting for 46% of all households and 44% of households below the ALICE Threshold in 2019. Families with children accounted for 28% of all households, and seniors for 26%.

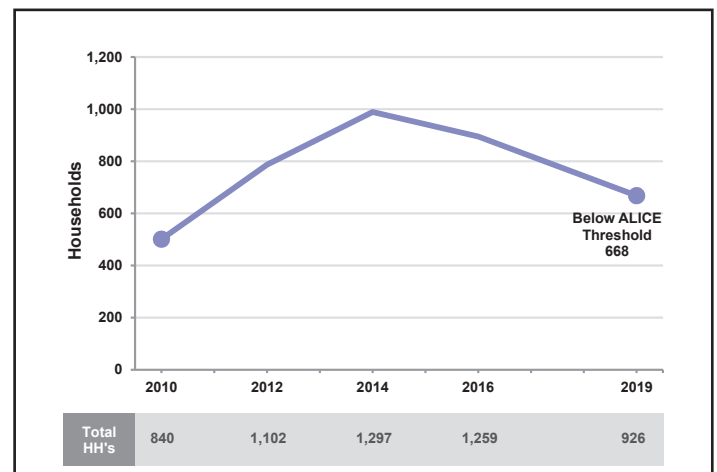
Changing demographics resulted in a 1% decrease in the total number of families with children in Jefferson County from 2010 to 2019. But among families, there were differing trends. The number of married-parent families decreased by 4%, while their number below the ALICE Threshold increased by 45%. The number of single-female-headed families increased by 10%, while their number below the ALICE Threshold increased by 33%, and the number of single-male-headed families increased by 9%, while their number below the ALICE Threshold increased fivefold.

Household Types by Income, Jefferson County, 2010–2019

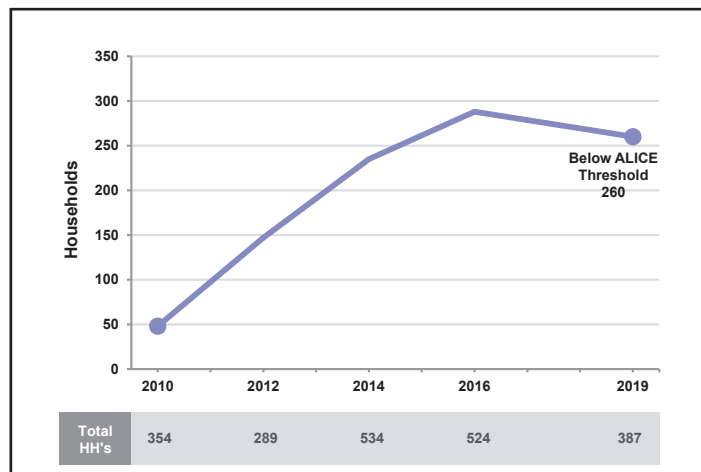
Married-Parent Households



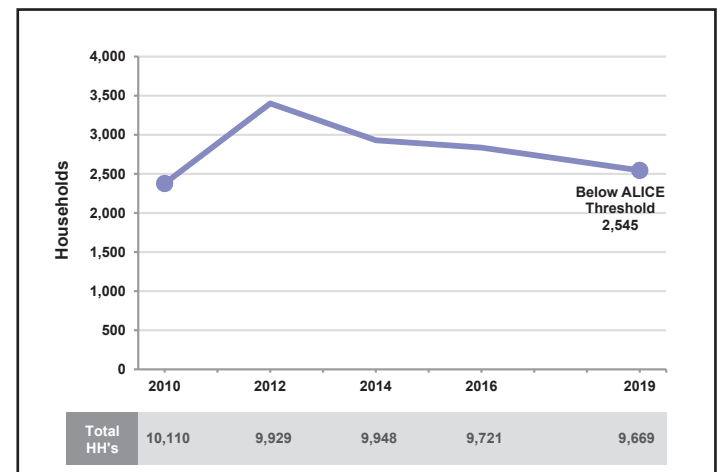
Single-Female-Headed Households



Single-Male-Headed Households



Single or Cohabiting Households



Many of these subgroups have small populations, in which case even small changes in numbers can produce large swings in percentages. Therefore, it is most useful to focus on the general trends and not year-to-year fluctuations.

Sources: ALICE Threshold, 2010–2019; American Community Survey, 2010–2019

HOUSEHOLDS BY RACE/ETHNICITY IN MORGAN COUNTY

How has the number of ALICE households changed by race/ethnicity?

White households were the largest racial/ethnic group in Morgan County in 2019, accounting for 97% of all households. From 2010 to 2019, the number of White households remained flat, and the percentage of White households below the ALICE Threshold decreased by 13%.

Households by Income and Race/Ethnicity, Morgan County, 2010–2019

Households of Two or More Races



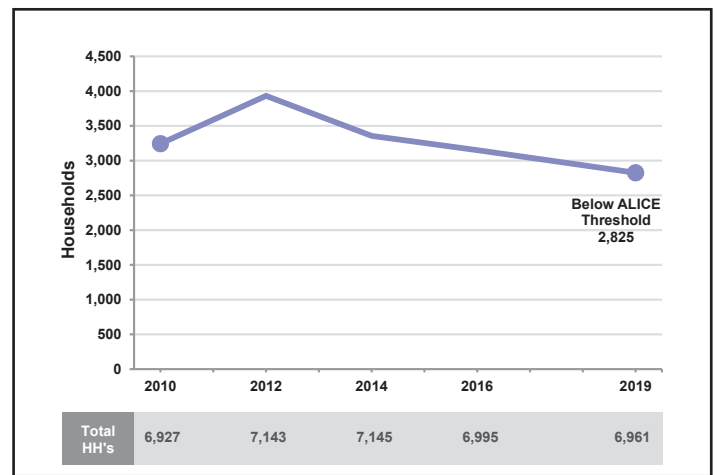
Black Households



Hispanic Households



White Households



Many of these subgroups have small populations, in which case even small changes in numbers can produce large swings in percentages. Therefore, it is most useful to focus on the general trends and not year-to-year fluctuations.

Sources: ALICE Threshold, 2010–2019; American Community Survey, 2010–2019

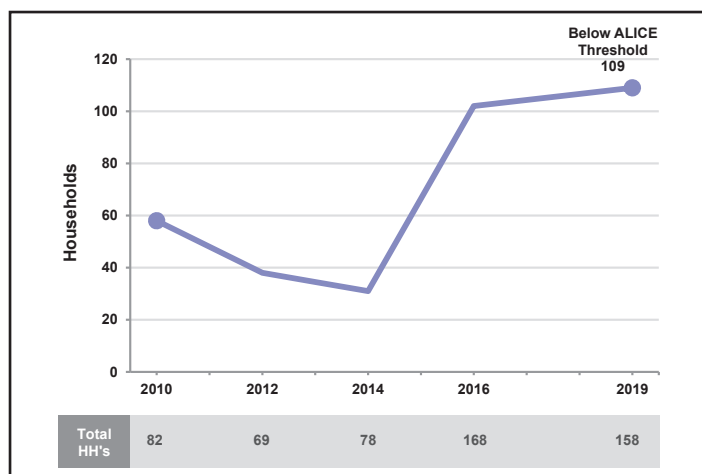
HOUSEHOLDS BY AGE IN MORGAN COUNTY

How has the number of ALICE households changed by age group?

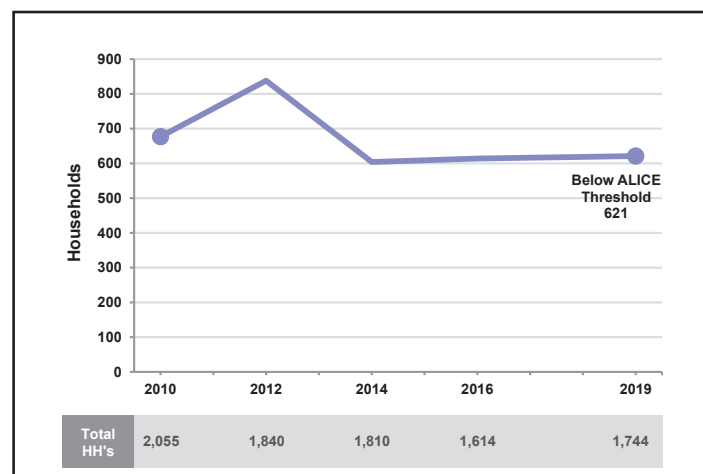
The largest age group in Morgan County in 2019 was 45- to 64-year-olds, followed by seniors, 25- to 44-year-olds, and under-25-year-olds. Changes in financial hardship differed across age groups between 2010 and 2019. The youngest group (under 25 years) had an 88% increase in the number of households below the ALICE Threshold from 2010 to 2019, with 69% below the ALICE Threshold in 2019. Senior households below the ALICE Threshold fell by 7% during this period, with 52% below the ALICE Threshold in 2019. For those in their prime working years, the number of households below the ALICE Threshold decreased by 8% for those aged 25–44 years, with 36% below the ALICE Threshold in 2019, and decreased by 23% for those aged 45–64, with 32% below the ALICE Threshold in 2019.

Households by Income and Age, Morgan County, 2010–2019

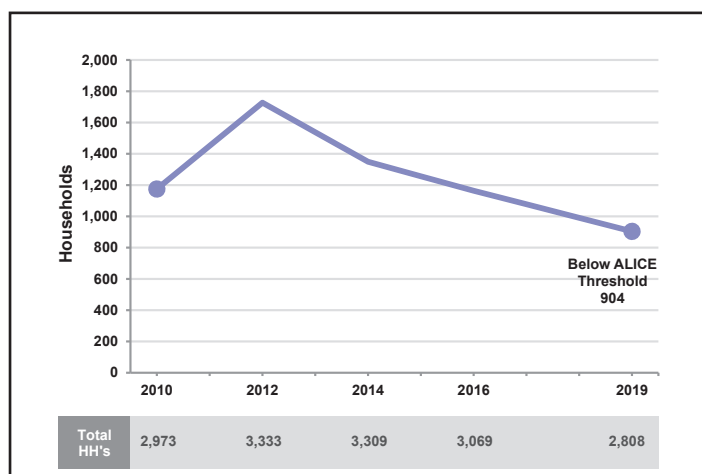
Under 25



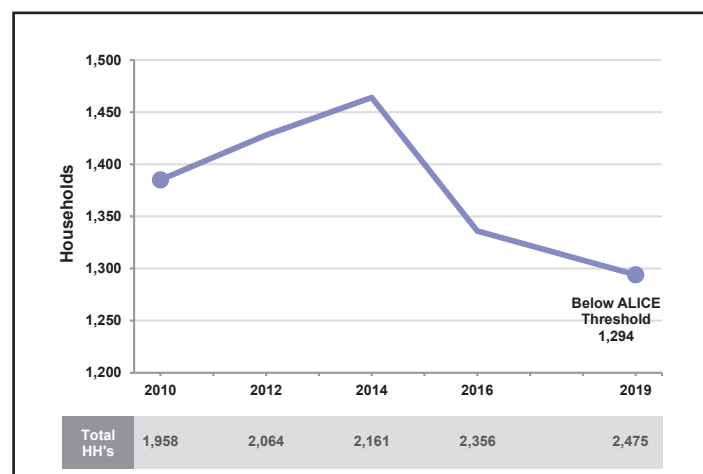
25 to 44



45 to 64



65 and Over



Many of these subgroups have small populations, in which case even small changes in numbers can produce large swings in percentages. Therefore, it is most useful to focus on the general trends and not year-to-year fluctuations.

Sources: ALICE Threshold, 2010–2019; American Community Survey, 2010–2019

HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION IN MORGAN COUNTY

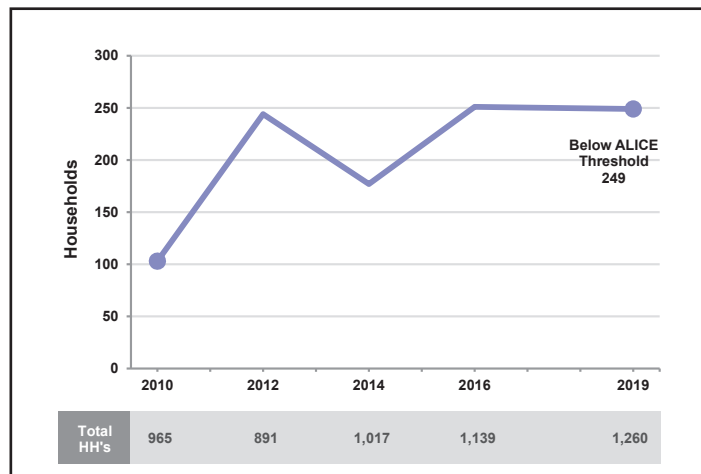
How has the number of ALICE households changed by household composition?

In Morgan County, single or cohabiting households (without children or seniors) were the largest household type, accounting for 43% of all households and 38% of households below the ALICE Threshold in 2019. Seniors accounted for 34% of all households, and families with children for 22%.

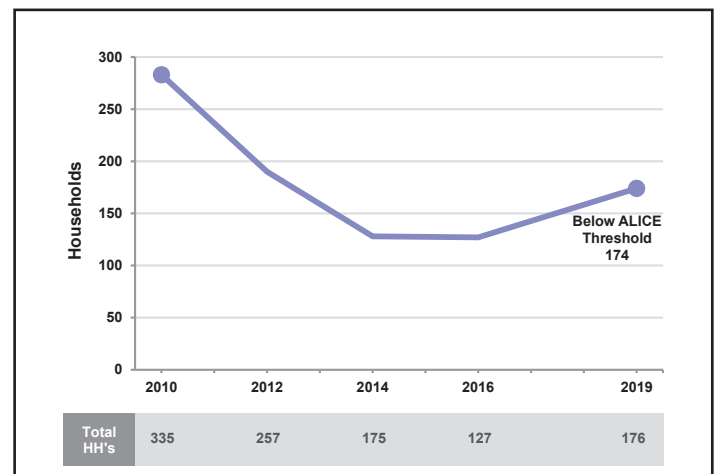
Changing demographics resulted in a 11% increase in the total number of families with children in Morgan County from 2010 to 2019. But among families, there were differing trends. The number of single-female-headed families decreased by 47%, while their number below the ALICE Threshold decreased by 39%, and the number of single-male-headed families increased by 15%, while their number below the ALICE Threshold increased by 19%. The number of married-parent families increased by 31%, while their number below the ALICE Threshold increased by 142%.

Household Types by Income, Morgan County, 2010–2019

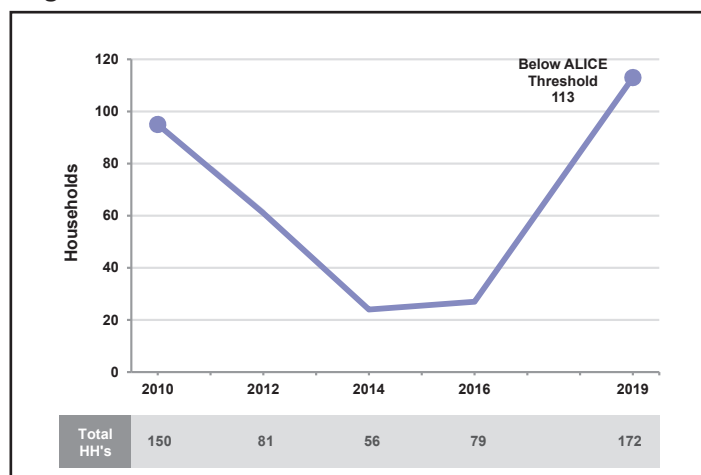
Married-Parent Households



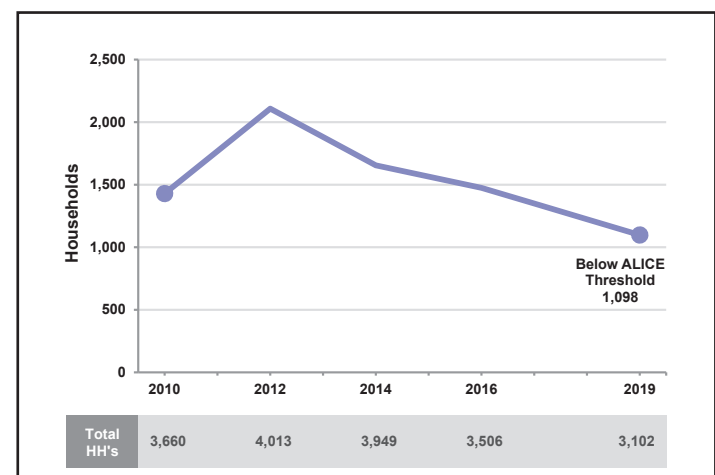
Single-Female-Headed Households



Single-Male-Headed Households



Single or Cohabiting Households



Many of these subgroups have small populations, in which case even small changes in numbers can produce large swings in percentages. Therefore, it is most useful to focus on the general trends and not year-to-year fluctuations.

Sources: ALICE Threshold, 2010–2019; American Community Survey, 2010–2019